Kruashvili I., PhD, associate professor

Sokhumi State University (Tbilisi, Georgia)

THE INFLUENCE OF GLOBALIZATION ON THE GERMAN LANGUAGE AS A FOREIGN LANGUAGE

Globalization has changed the world in many ways over the past decades, including the field of foreign language education. This research project examines the influence of globalization on the German language as a foreign language and identifies key aspects that are important for teaching and research.

Firstly, the term "globalization" must be defined and its impact on society and education discussed. Globalization refers to the process of increasing interconnection and integration of countries, cultures, markets, and people around the world. This process is facilitated by advancements in technology, communication, and transportation and leads to increased interaction and interdependence among different parts of the world.

The impacts of globalization on society are diverse. On one hand, it leads to a more intense cultural permeation as people from different countries and cultures come together in a global village. This can result in greater cultural exchange and dissemination of ideas, values, and practices. On the other hand, globalization can also lead to social and economic inequalities as some regions and population groups benefit more from the advantages than others.

Regarding education, globalization has far-reaching effects. On one hand, the increasing interconnectedness of the world requires a broader range of skills and competencies from people, including intercultural communication skills, foreign language proficiency, and critical thinking. This leads to an increased need for foreign language education and intercultural education.

Furthermore, globalization is changing the way educational institutions function. International partnerships between universities and research institutions are becoming more common, leading to increased exchange of knowledge and resources. Additionally, globalization influences the content and

methods of teaching, as curricula and instructional materials need to be adapted to the needs of a globally connected world.

Overall, globalization shapes the education sector in many ways and presents both opportunities and challenges. It is important to understand these changes and adjust educational systems accordingly to ensure that all individuals acquire the skills and knowledge they need to succeed in a globalized world.

The increasing interconnectedness of cultures and the dissemination of technologies have influenced the need to learn foreign languages, including German, in several ways:

Intercultural Communication: Globalization brings people from different countries and cultural backgrounds into contact more frequently. This requires intercultural communication skills to effectively communicate with people from various cultural contexts. Learning the German language enables individuals not only to better understand German culture but also to participate in intercultural exchange programs, business relationships, and international projects.

Career Opportunities: In a globalized world, foreign language proficiency is often a crucial requirement for success in various professional fields. German is considered an important business language in many industries such as engineering, technology, science, and commerce. Mastery of the German language, therefore, opens up career opportunities on an international level and enhances competitiveness in the job market.

Educational Opportunities: The proliferation of technologies such as online learning platforms and virtual classrooms has significantly facilitated access to foreign language education. People around the world can now take German courses online regardless of their geographical location. This expands educational opportunities for individuals wishing to learn German as a foreign language and contributes to creating a broader and more diverse learning community.

Cultural Exchange: The dissemination of media content and cultural products from German-speaking countries such as films, music, literature, and

art is facilitated by globalization. Learning the German language allows people to experience these cultural products in their original language and develop a deeper understanding of German culture. This promotes cultural exchange and mutual appreciation between different cultures.

Overall, the increasing interconnectedness of cultures and the dissemination of technologies have strengthened the necessity of learning foreign languages, particularly German, by creating new opportunities for intercultural communication, professional development, education, and cultural exchange.

Through globalization, various changes have occurred in the German language, including lexical changes and the emergence of new technical terms in areas such as technology, science, and economics:

Loanwords from English: Globalization has led to increased exchange of ideas, technologies, and economic relations between English-speaking countries and Germany. This has resulted in a multitude of English loanwords being adopted into the German language. Words like "computer," "internet," "marketing," and "management" are now integral parts of the German vocabulary. These loanwords are often used without translation as they carry specific nuances of meaning in certain contexts that are not easily expressed through German equivalents.

Emergence of new technical terms: Particularly in the fields of technology, science, and economics, new technical terms are constantly emerging to describe evolving concepts and technologies. Since many of these developments originate in English-speaking countries, English terms are often adopted and integrated into the German technical vocabulary. Examples include terms like "blockchain," "artificial intelligence," "bioinformatics," "fintech," etc.

Changes in colloquial language: Influences from English can also be observed in colloquial language, especially through the use of anglicisms in youth and pop culture. Youth slang, advertising, and media often use English expressions and slang terms to appear modern and international. This can lead to

both German native speakers and German learners becoming familiar with English expressions and using them in their everyday conversations.

These changes in the German language triggered by globalization reflect the influence of international communication flows, economic developments, and technological innovations on language. They also demonstrate the dynamic nature and adaptability of the German language to an ever-changing world, highlighting the importance of multilingualism and intercultural competence in a globalized society.

Globalization has significant implications for foreign language instruction, particularly regarding the adaptation of curricula and instructional materials to meet the needs of globally connected learners. As globalization leads to increased interconnection of cultures, it's important to integrate intercultural competencies into foreign language instruction. Therefore, curricula should include intercultural content and themes that help learners understand not only the language but also the culture and lifestyle of the target language community. This can be achieved through the use of authentic materials such as films, music, literature, and news from the target language areas.

Foreign language instruction should also address global issues and challenges affecting the global community, such as environmental protection, social justice, human rights, and economic development. This helps learners develop an awareness of global connections and apply their language skills in a broader context.

An important aspect is the role of digital technologies in foreign language instruction, which is greatly propelled by globalization. Virtual classrooms, online resources, and language learning apps offer new opportunities for access to German instruction and intercultural communication.

Through the internet, learners have access to a wealth of teaching and learning resources in the target language. Online dictionaries, grammar references, instructional videos, interactive exercises, and language learning

apps provide learners with the opportunity to independently expand and deepen their language knowledge.

Virtual classrooms and video conferencing tools enable teachers and learners to interact with each other regardless of their geographical location. This opens up new opportunities for distance learning, interaction with native speakers, and participation in international language courses and projects.

The internet provides access to a wealth of authentic materials in the target language, including newspaper articles, videos, podcasts, blogs, and social media posts. Teachers can use these materials to give learners insight into the culture, current events, and everyday language of the target language community.

Finally, challenges and opportunities for German instruction in a globalized world need to be discussed. These include questions of cultural authenticity, language diversity, and the integration of language learners from different cultural backgrounds.

By recognizing the challenges and seizing the opportunities that arise within the framework of German instruction in a globalized world, educators can contribute to fostering the language and intercultural competencies of learners and preparing them for a successful future in an increasingly interconnected world.

This research contributes to deepening the understanding of the complex relationship between globalization and learning German as a foreign language, providing important insights for the further development of foreign language instruction in a globalized world.