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DEVELOPMENT OF THE ECONOMIC SYSTEM OF MODERN UKRAINE

In the process of transforming political and economic systems in Ukraine, the search for an effective model of economic development continues. Obviously, the new economic system can not be "pure" capitalism, which prevailed within the XIX century. Moreover, in developed countries dominated by mixed societies. They interact with the market as a means of improving the efficiency of the economy and the system of adjusting the market as a means to achieve an optimally equitable distribution of income through the structure of social legislation.

The current policy of Ukraine at the beginning of the XXI century. Has its main goal of transition to a socially oriented market economy [1].

Features of the current economic situation in Ukraine:

- huge debts of the state, separate branches and enterprises to some foreign countries;
- the backlog of the economy producing the goods from the sector of the economy that consumes them;
 - fuel and energy dependence on Russia;
- excessive control of the economy by the Ukrainian government, which has the effect of suppressing its goods producing sector;
- criminalization of relations between the state apparatus and business, distribution of the most profitable sectors of Ukrainian economy among the clans;
 - Ukraine is too torn from the world economy.

The main tasks of the Ukrainian state in the field of economy are:

- reforming the electricity sector;
- providing people with economic freedom;

- strengthening of the institutional structures of the national economy;
- stabilization of the national currency;
- creating conditions for overcoming the crisis of production and for increasing its competitiveness;
- development of the agrarian sector of the economy, the transformation of land into goods and the acquisition of real value by it;
- establishment of an open type of economy, ensuring the transparency of economic processes;
 - Ukraine's entry into the world economic space;
- protection of the domestic commodity producer by creating financial, credit and tax mechanisms that stimulate production;
 - creation of the Ukrainian economy as a self-sufficient system;
- the transition of relations between economic entities from barter principles to monetary (commodity-money);
- legalization of "shadow" capitals and productions, "shadow" economy and relations;
 - intensification of privatization processes, especially in the agrarian sector;
 - strengthening the fight against economic crime, corruption;
 - the transition of the economy into a liberal channel [2].

Implementation of economic policy in Ukraine involves the use of such methods of influence on the economy as:

- regulation and planning of proportions;
- government orders;
- target programs;
- income policy;
- choice of economic potentials and living conditions of different regions.

The model of economic development of Ukraine envisages the phased implementation of a purposeful, scientifically grounded exit program by combining the regulatory influence of state bodies on the economy and the introduction of market relations. A key factor in creating an economic sector conducive to

entrepreneurial activity is a state that, without interfering in the activities of private enterprises, manages the market and supports it, holds back negative trends through appropriate leverage - taxation programs, monetary policy [3].

Thus, the state is called to take care of the combination of private and public interests. In implementing the exit strategy from the economic crisis, it is important to take into account that the transition of society from a totalitarian system to a democratic one does not take place in a few years. Ukraine's economy needs substantial structural changes, and this is impossible without the formation of a mechanism for reproduction of a holistic national economy (during the years of independence it has not succeeded in forming it). Therefore, there is a need for well-grounded concepts of economic reforms, appropriate management structures, professionally trained personnel who are perfectly equipped with the mechanisms of transforming the modern economy.

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